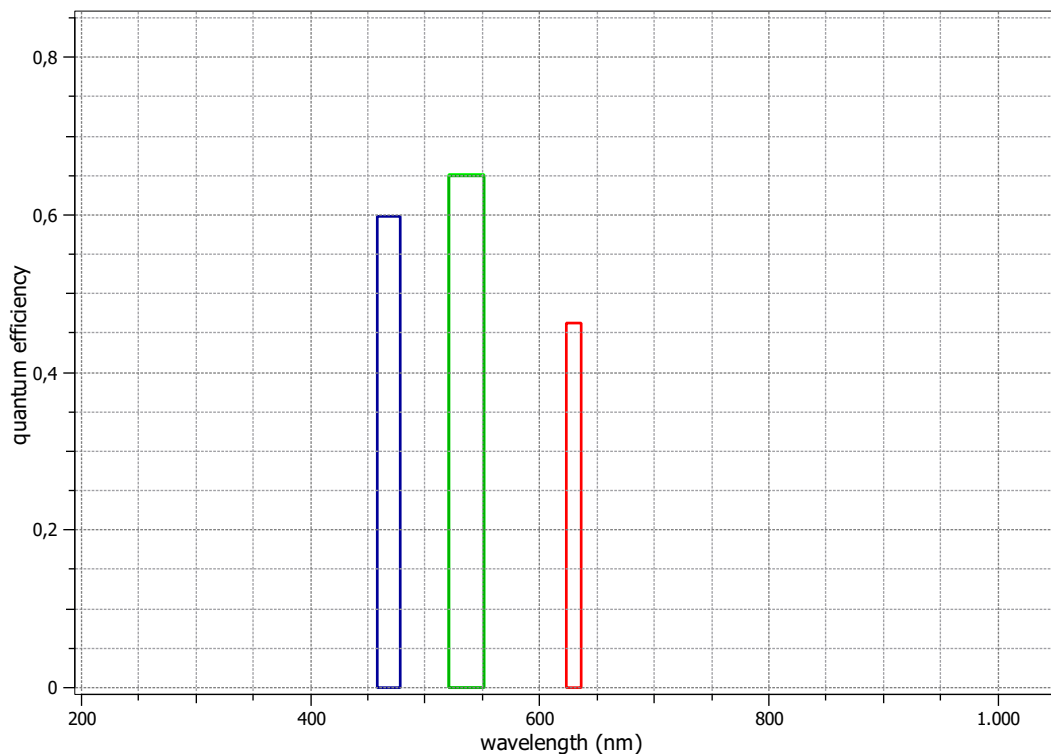


## EMVA 1288 Data Sheet m0765

This datasheet describes the specification according to the standard 1288 release 3.1 for "Characterization and Presentation of Specification Data for Image Sensors and Cameras" issued on December 30, 2016 by the European Machine Vision Association (EMVA), published at [www.standard1288.org](http://www.standard1288.org) and the *zenodo EMVA 1288 community* with proprietary extensions from AEON. The measurements were performed with the AEON ACC3 Release 6, 26.11.2016, SN 0005(MatrixVision.

Measurements performed by T.Renner, Matrix Vision GmbH

Vendor	MATRIX VI-SION	Type of data presented	Single
Model	mvBlueFOX3-2205C	<b>Operation point 1 (page 5)</b>	
Serial number	FF002863	Wavelength centroid	468.0 nm
Sensor diagonal	15.99 mm	Wavelength FWHM	20.0 nm
Lens category	C-Mount	Gain, black-level	0dB, 0.03
Resolution	5544 × 3692, 12 bit	<b>Operation point 2 (page 20)</b>	
Pixel size (h×v)	2.40 μm × 2.40 μm	Wavelength centroid	536.0 nm
Sensor	IMX183	Wavelength FWHM	31.0 nm
Sensor type	CMOS	Gain, black-level	0dB, 0.03
Shutter type	Rolling	<b>Operation point 3 (page 35)</b>	
Overlap cap.	Overlapping	Wavelength centroid	630.0 nm
Max. frame rate	9.2 Hz	Wavelength FWHM	13.0 nm
Interface type	USB3 Vision	Gain, black-level	0dB, 0.03
		<b>Optional data measured</b>	
		None	

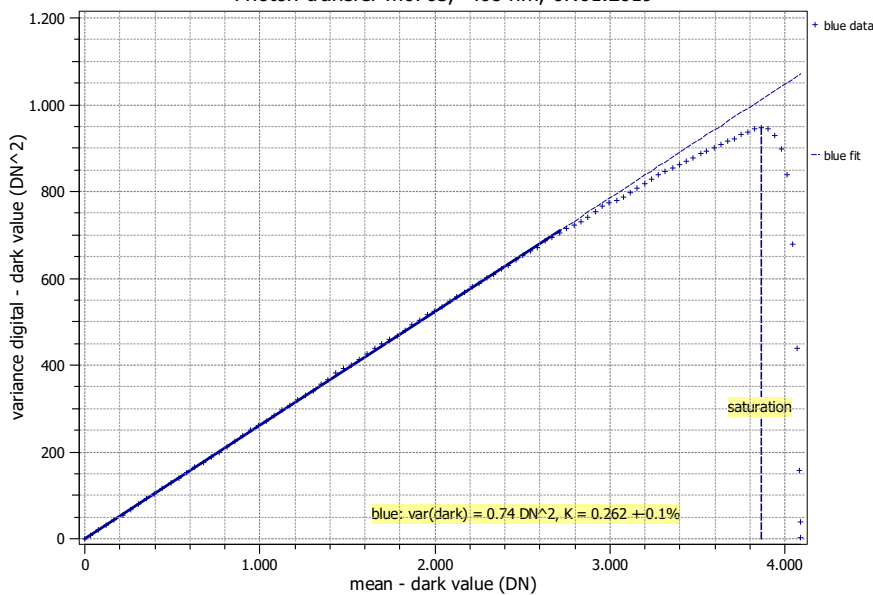


## Summary Sheet for Operation Point 1 at a Wavelength of 468 nm

Type of data	Single	Gain, black-level	0dB, 0.03
Exposure control	By irradiance	Environmental temperature	24.1°C
Exposure time	2.00 ms	Camera body temperature	33.7°C
Frame rate	9.2 Hz	Internal temperature(s)	—
Data transfer mode	BayerRG12	Wavelength, centr., FWHM	468 nm, 20.0 nm

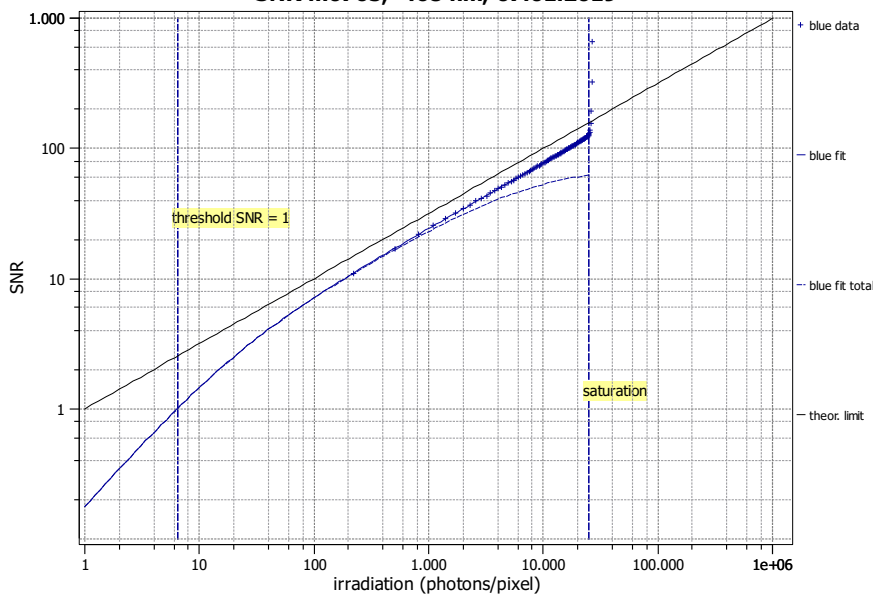
### Photon Transfer

Photon transfer m0765, 468 nm, 07.01.2019



### Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SNR m0765, 468 nm, 07.01.2019



#### Quantum efficiency

$\eta$  59.7%

#### Overall system gain

$K$  0.262 DN/e<sup>-</sup>

$1/K$  3.820 e<sup>-</sup>/DN

#### Temporal dark noise

$\sigma_d$  3.09 e<sup>-</sup>

$\sigma_{y,\text{dark}}$  0.86 DN

#### Signal-to-noise ratio

SNR<sub>max</sub> 122

41.7 dB

6.9 bit

$1/\text{SNR}_{\text{max}}$  0.82 %

#### Absolute sensitivity threshold

$\mu_{p,\text{min}}$  6.40 p

$\mu_{p,\text{min,area}}$  1.111 p/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

$\mu_{e,\text{min}}$  3.82 e<sup>-</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{min,area}}$  0.664 e<sup>-</sup>/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

#### Saturation capacity

$\mu_{p,\text{sat}}$  24740 p

$\mu_{p,\text{sat,area}}$  4295 p/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

$\mu_{e,\text{sat}}$  14777 e<sup>-</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{sat,area}}$  2565 e<sup>-</sup>/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

#### Dynamic range

DR 3865

71.7 dB

11.9 bit

#### Spatial nonuniformities

DSNU<sub>1288</sub> 0.20 e<sup>-</sup>

0.05 DN

PRNU<sub>1288</sub> 1.38 %

#### Linearity error

LE<sub>min</sub> -0.38%

LE<sub>max</sub> 0.99%

#### Dark current

$\mu_{c,\text{mean}}$  -2.84 ± 0.19 e<sup>-</sup>/s

-0.74 DN/s

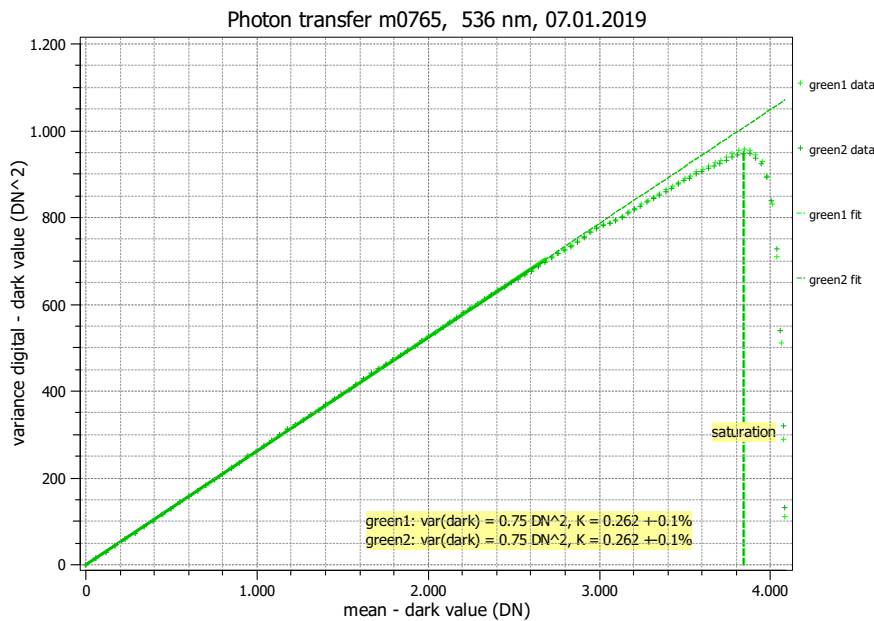
$\mu_{c,\text{var}}$  1.00 ± 0.03 e<sup>-</sup>/s

$T_d$  — °C

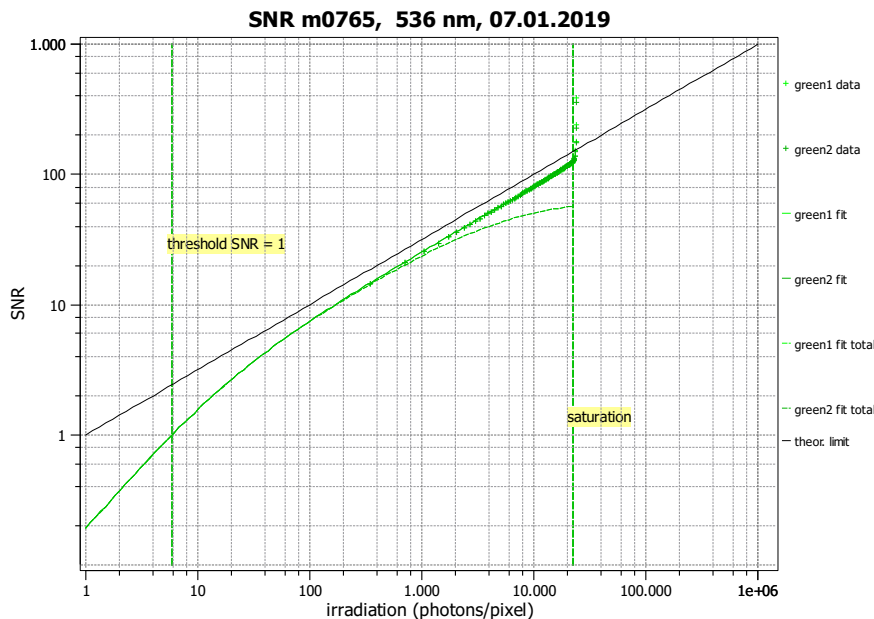
## Summary Sheet for Operation Point 2 at a Wavelength of 536 nm

Type of data	Single	Gain, black-level	0dB, 0.03
Exposure control	By irradiance	Environmental temperature	24.2°C
Exposure time	2.00 ms	Camera body temperature	36.1°C
Frame rate	9.2 Hz	Internal temperature(s)	—
Data transfer mode	BayerRG12	Wavelength, centr., FWHM	536 nm, 31.0 nm

### Photon Transfer



### Signal-to-Noise Ratio



#### Quantum efficiency

$\eta$  65.1%

#### Overall system gain

$K$  0.262 DN/e<sup>-</sup>

1/ $K$  3.812 e<sup>-</sup>/DN

#### Temporal dark noise

$\sigma_d$  3.12 e<sup>-</sup>

$\sigma_{y,\text{dark}}$  0.87 DN

#### Signal-to-noise ratio

SNR<sub>max</sub> 121

41.6 dB

6.9 bit

1/SNR<sub>max</sub> 0.83 %

#### Absolute sensitivity threshold

$\mu_{p,\text{min}}$  5.91 p

$\mu_{p,\text{min,area}}$  1.026 p/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

$\mu_{e,\text{min}}$  3.85 e<sup>-</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{min,area}}$  0.668 e<sup>-</sup>/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

#### Saturation capacity

$\mu_{p,\text{sat}}$  22327 p

$\mu_{p,\text{sat,area}}$  3876 p/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

$\mu_{e,\text{sat}}$  14527 e<sup>-</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{sat,area}}$  2522 e<sup>-</sup>/ $\mu\text{m}^2$

#### Dynamic range

DR 3778

71.5 dB

11.9 bit

#### Spatial nonuniformities

DSNU<sub>1288</sub> 0.19 e<sup>-</sup>

0.05 DN

PRNU<sub>1288</sub> 1.55 %

#### Linearity error

LE<sub>min</sub> -1.11%

LE<sub>max</sub> 2.70%

#### Dark current

$\mu_{c,\text{mean}}$  -2.8 ± 0.2 e<sup>-</sup>/s

-0.74 DN/s

$\mu_{c,\text{var}}$  1.1 ± 0.0 e<sup>-</sup>/s

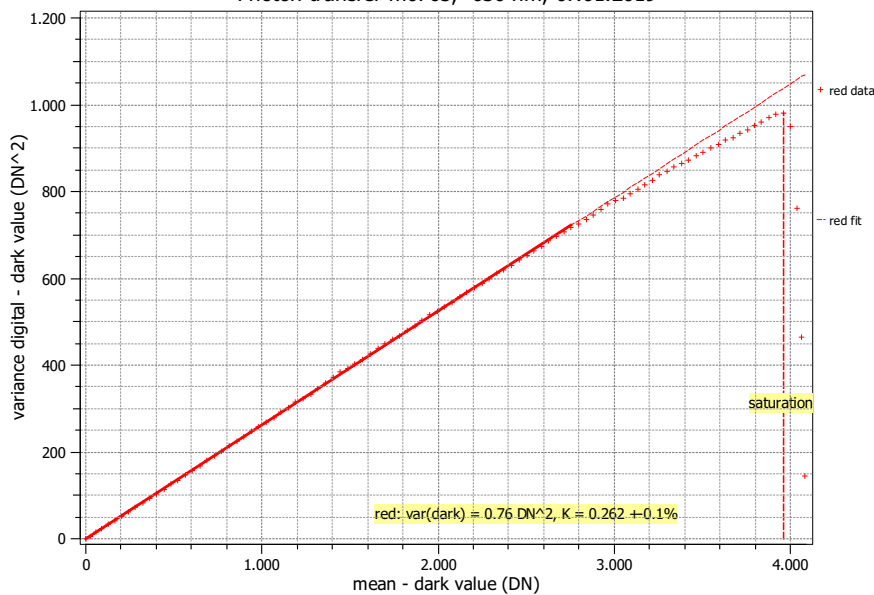
$T_d$  — °C

## Summary Sheet for Operation Point 3 at a Wavelength of 630 nm

Type of data	Single	Gain, black-level	0dB, 0.03
Exposure control	By irradiance	Environmental temperature	24.2°C
Exposure time	2.00 ms	Camera body temperature	37.6°C
Frame rate	9.2 Hz	Internal temperature(s)	—
Data transfer mode	BayerRG12	Wavelength, centr., FWHM	630 nm, 13.0 nm

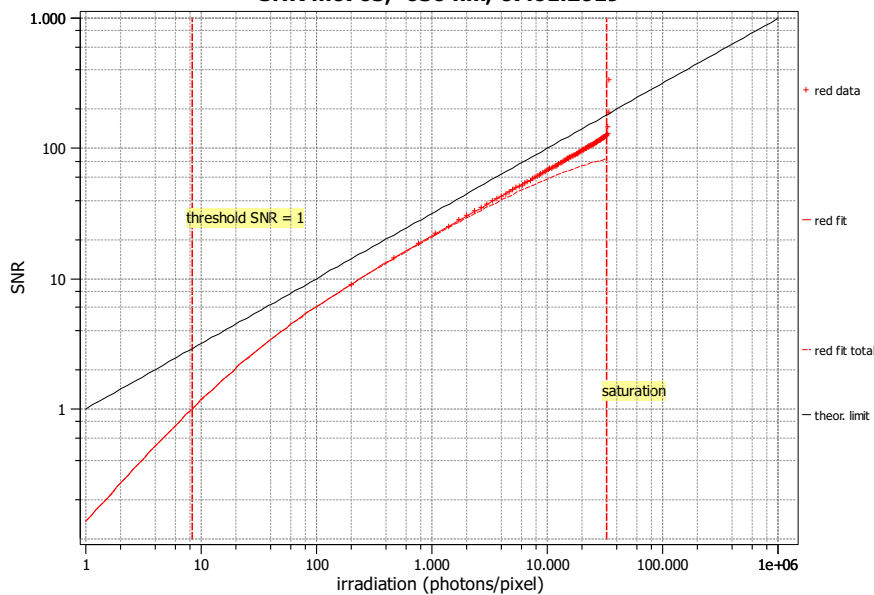
### Photon Transfer

Photon transfer m0765, 630 nm, 07.01.2019



### Signal-to-Noise Ratio

SNR m0765, 630 nm, 07.01.2019



#### Quantum efficiency

$\eta$  46.3%

#### Overall system gain

$K$  0.262 DN/e<sup>-</sup>

$1/K$  3.819 e<sup>-</sup>/DN

#### Temporal dark noise

$\sigma_d$  3.13 e<sup>-</sup>

$\sigma_{y,\text{dark}}$  0.87 DN

#### Signal-to-noise ratio

SNR<sub>max</sub> 123

41.8 dB

6.9 bit

$1/\text{SNR}_{\text{max}}$  0.81 %

#### Absolute sensitivity threshold

$\mu_{p,\text{min}}$  8.34 p

$\mu_{p,\text{min,area}}$  1.448 p/μm<sup>2</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{min}}$  3.86 e<sup>-</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{min,area}}$  0.670 e<sup>-</sup>/μm<sup>2</sup>

#### Saturation capacity

$\mu_{p,\text{sat}}$  32922 p

$\mu_{p,\text{sat,area}}$  5716 p/μm<sup>2</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{sat}}$  15227 e<sup>-</sup>

$\mu_{e,\text{sat,area}}$  2644 e<sup>-</sup>/μm<sup>2</sup>

#### Dynamic range

DR 3947

71.9 dB

11.9 bit

#### Spatial nonuniformities

DSNU<sub>1288</sub> 0.23 e<sup>-</sup>

0.06 DN

PRNU<sub>1288</sub> 0.88 %

#### Linearity error

LE<sub>min</sub> -0.41%

LE<sub>max</sub> 0.21%

#### Dark current

$\mu_{c,\text{mean}}$  -2.9 ± 0.2 e<sup>-</sup>/s

-0.75 DN/s

$\mu_{c,\text{var}}$  1.0 ± 0.0 e<sup>-</sup>/s

$T_d$  — °C